THE STRATEGIC IMPACT OF ERASMUS+ CAPACITY BUILDING PROJECTS ON MEDICINE IN KYRGYZSTAN: INSIGHTS FROM THE INTERNATIONAL HIGHER SCHOOL OF MEDICINE 10.34920/phe.2024.16.02

Kenesh O. Dzhusupov , Ainazik M.Omurzakova, Makhabat K. Karagulova, Gulnara R. Isaeva

Abstract: This article examines the strategic impact of the Erasmus+ Capacity Building Projects on medicine and medical education in Kyrgyzstan, specifically at the International Higher School of Medicine (IHSM). The study aims to assess the transformative role of these projects in enhancing educational quality, research capacity, and international partnerships within IHSM. The methodology involves an analysis of Erasmus Plus-supported initiatives focused on curriculum innovation, research development, and cross-cultural exchange. Findings reveal significant improvements in teaching strategies, increased faculty and student mobility, and stronger institutional networks, positioning IHSM as a regional leader in medical education and healthcare development.

Keywords: Erasmus+, medical education, Kyrgyzstan, capacity building, curriculum innovation, research development, international collaboration

INTRODUCTION

Educational programs of the European Union, such as Erasmus+, play a key role in supporting the international mobility of students and faculty, as well as in strengthening research and educational collaborations [5]. The Erasmus+ Program, a flagship initiative by the European Union, has been transformative in fostering global cooperation across educational and training sectors, emphasizing the sharing of expertise, knowledge, and best practices [5]. Aimed at bridging academic communities between Europe and partner regions, Erasmus+ directly addresses educational challenges and strives to improve education quality and research capabilities worldwide. This initiative has had significant influence across numerous disciplines, with particular relevance to fields requiring constant adaptation to modern challenges, such as medical education.

In the realm of medical education, Erasmus+ plays a crucial role in raising educational standards, supporting research, and strengthening institutional networks by helping participating institutions access international resources and adopt innovative methodologies. Through Erasmus+, institutions in partner countries benefit from opportunities to update their curricula, enhance teaching strategies, and improve research outputs. International mobility enhances the quality of higher education at institutional and individual levels [1] [2]. These efforts help create well-rounded professionals who can meet the demands of the modern healthcare environment.

The Erasmus+ programme has significantly influenced higher education in Central Asia, fostering international collaboration, enhancing educational quality, and promoting cultural exchange. Countries such as Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan have actively participated in various Erasmus+ initiatives, including capacity-building projects, student and staff mobility, and curriculum development. The Erasmus+ program also fosters professional development and the integration of research-based approaches into the educational process [3][14].

Project-based learning (PBL) is increasingly being utilized in medical education as a way to bridge the gap between theoretical knowledge and practical application. Research highlights both the benefits and challenges associated with PBL, particularly in fostering critical thinking and collaboration among students [13]. Such educational methods are reinforced by international programs like Erasmus+, which support the integration of innovative teaching strategies.

For universities in Central Asia, international academic mobility has become an essential driver of internationalization [12]. Specifically, the IHSM actively participates in Erasmus+ projects, which strengthens its academic and research capacities [7].

In Kyrgyzstan, the IHSM exemplifies how Erasmus+ projects can be applied to address critical educational and healthcare challenges [7]. As a participant in Erasmus+, IHSM has leveraged this program to significantly advance its mission, improving not only its academic offerings but also its broader institutional infrastructure. The initiatives supported by Erasmus+ within IHSM cover a wide array of objectives, including elevating the quality of medical education, building robust institutional and international networks, and promoting faculty and student mobility. These goals align with the institution's vision to become a leader in medical education within Central Asia and a contributor to global healthcare development.

IHSM's engagement with Erasmus+ centers on three main objectives: elevating educational quality, expanding institutional and international networks, and enhancing faculty and student mobility. Erasmus+ projects offer IHSM a platform to:

Through Erasmus+, IHSM integrates cutting-edge pedagogical methods, elevating the preparation of medical students to meet modern medical standards and effectively respond to public health issues. This has led to comprehensive upgrades in teaching strategies and curriculum, such as the inclusion of research-based learning that equips students with both theoretical and practical problem-solving skills.

Erasmus Plus provides IHSM access to an extensive network of educational institutions across Europe and Central Asia, helping the school draw from diverse perspectives and methodologies in medical education. Networking efforts focus on building IHSM's capacity to implement best practices, reinforcing its role as a regional leader in medical education.

Erasmus+ fosters cross-cultural learning and international mobility, enabling IHSM faculty and students to participate in internships, seminars, and research opportunities. These experiences deepen professional skills, broaden linguistic abilities, and strengthen IHSM's global engagement, creating an environment conducive to learning from and contributing to the international medical education community.

MATERIALS AND METHODOLOGY

The study employed an analytical approach to evaluate the impact of Erasmus+ supported initiatives on the IHSM in Kyrgyzstan [7]. It specifically focused on the effects of these projects on curriculum development, research enhancement, and cross-cultural exchange. By assessing various Erasmus+ interventions, the methodology aimed to measure improvements in teaching strategies, student and faculty mobility, and the establishment of international partnerships. Data were gathered through an in-depth examination of project outcomes, program participation statistics, and qualitative assessments of the institution's strategic growth.

The study relied on Erasmus+ projects as the primary material, with specific projects involving partnerships with prominent European institutions such as the University of Milan, Technical University of Berlin, University of Tartu, and Utrecht University. These collaborations enabled IHSM to access advanced educational resources, participate in joint research, and adopt innovative teaching methodologies. Additionally, resources such as academic publications, training workshops, international exchange programs, and facilities like electronic libraries and labs contributed to the research infrastructure that Erasmus Plus projects helped develop.

RESULTS

The IHSM in Kyrgyzstan has effectively leveraged the Erasmus+ program to significantly enhance its educational quality, research capacity, and global partnerships [7]. This success has been largely supported by strategic collaborations with leading European institutions, including the University of Milan, Technical University of Berlin, University of Tartu, and Utrecht University, among others. These partnerships have enabled IHSM to adopt and test advanced educational methods, access valuable academic resources, and engage in collaborative projects aimed at elevating the quality of medical education and training.

Collaboration in healthcare and education plays a key role in strengthening national health systems [15]. Through Erasmus+, IHSM has aligned itself with international standards in medical education, with additional support from global organizations like the World Health Organization (WHO) and UNICEF. These partnerships have not only strengthened IHSM's curriculum but have also placed the institution at the forefront of public health initiatives and medical research in Central Asia. The collaboration with WHO and UNICEF has allowed IHSM to contribute to critical healthcare projects, improving public health outcomes in the region and reinforcing IHSM's commitment to addressing local and regional health challenges.

Human Resource Development and Academic Mobility

One of the most impactful aspects of Erasmus+ for IHSM has been its contribution to human resource development. Faculty members and students have gained access to international mobility opportunities, enabling them to participate in exchange programs, internships, and joint research projects with European institutions. Over the years, Erasmus+ has facilitated the exchange of 28 faculty members, 6 students, 1 master's student, and 3 PhD candidates from IHSM, who participated in internships and exchanges at partner universities in Europe. These experiences have been invaluable for both personal and professional growth, allowing IHSM faculty and students to enhance their skills, broaden their perspectives, and understand international standards in education and medical research.

Academic mobility has also fostered intercultural understanding among IHSM's participants. Exposure to diverse cultural and academic environments has cultivated a spirit of tolerance and adaptability, essential qualities for healthcare professionals operating in an increasingly interconnected world. Through Erasmus+, IHSM has strengthened its ability to prepare medical professionals who are not only technically proficient but also sensitive to cultural differences, enhancing their ability to work effectively in multicultural teams and contribute to global health initiatives.

Research Development and Publications

The Erasmus+ program has been instrumental in strengthening IHSM's research capabilities. Initiatives supported by Erasmus+ reinforce the role of research-based learning in higher education [7]. Faculty members have received training in modern research techniques, including statistical analysis and Geographic Information System (GIS) technology, which has significantly improved the quality of research conducted at the university. This has translated into a notable increase in the number of IHSM staff publications in international scientific journals, enhancing the institution's reputation on a global scale. In 2023, for example, IHSM ranked first nationally in publication citations and was among the top three medical education institutions in Central Asia in 2020. Such achievements underscore IHSM's growing prominence as a center for research and innovation.

Erasmus+ has also enabled IHSM to integrate its research efforts into international scientific communities. Collaborations with the University of Milan led to research on the health impacts of asbestos exposure on communities near manufacturing facilities. Similarly, IHSM's partnership with the Asfendiyarov Kazakh National Medical University and support from the Ministry of Education and Science of Kazakhstan facilitated research on rural health issues in Kazakhstan [8]. PhD students have engaged in international projects addressing critical healthcare challenges, such as cardiovascular disease prevention, occupational health improvements, and healthcare access disparities, contributing valuable insights to both regional and global public health efforts.

Institutional Development and Modernization

At the institutional level, Erasmus+ projects have significantly enhanced IHSM's capacity as a center for medical education and research. The program has supported the development and refinement of master's and PhD programs in public health, aligning them with international standards and adapting them to meet current healthcare needs. IHSM has also established electronic laboratories and libraries, improving access to educational resources and supporting distance learning—a vital adaptation during the COVID-19 pandemic.

In addition, the Erasmus+ program has facilitated the establishment of new departments and initiatives within IHSM, such as a fundraising office, a nutritionology department at the university's Vedanta clinic, and a green and digital office focused on sustainable development. These additions have strengthened IHSM's infrastructure, making it more resilient and adaptable to modern challenges.

Accreditation and Policy Impact

The Erasmus+ projects have been pivotal in IHSM's efforts to obtain accreditation from the World Federation for Medical Education (WFME), making it the first medical university in Kyrgyzstan to achieve this recognition. This accreditation attests to the high educational standards upheld by IHSM and has bolstered its reputation among students and employers. Furthermore, IHSM's involvement in the DERECKA project contributed to national policy developments in Kyrgyzstan by incorporating terms like "PhD qualification" and "PhD program" into education laws and establishing new regulations for PhD programs. Through the DEFA project, IHSM also helped develop models for financial autonomy among Kyrgyz universities, promoting greater institutional independence [16].

Sustainability and Long-term Impact

IHSM has taken proactive steps to ensure the sustainability of its Erasmus+ outcomes. By continuously updating and adapting its master's and PhD programs, strengthening partnerships with government agencies, and maintaining active collaborations with international organizations, IHSM has created a robust foundation for ongoing improvement in medical education and research. These efforts not only benefit IHSM but also contribute to the broader healthcare and educational landscape in Kyrgyzstan and Central Asia.

Challenges and Adaptability

Despite its successes, IHSM has faced several challenges in implementing Erasmus+ projects, particularly during the COVID-19 pandemic, which disrupted international mobility and necessitated a swift shift to online learning. Political instability and economic sanctions have further complicated project execution, affecting equipment procurement and funding transfers. Nevertheless, IHSM has demonstrated resilience and adaptability, implementing digital tools and online resources to maintain educational continuity and mitigate the impacts of these challenges.

CONCLUSION

The Erasmus+ projects have catalyzed a strategic transformation within the IHSM, influencing multiple levels of the institution's structure and operations [7]. These impacts extend beyond immediate gains in educational quality and research output, positioning IHSM as a forward-thinking institution that aligns with global healthcare education standards and actively addresses regional public health needs.

The integration of innovative teaching methodologies through Erasmus+ — such as problem-based learning and blended learning—has elevated IHSM's curriculum, making it competitive with leading global standards in medical education. By focusing on experiential learning and critical thinking, IHSM equips students with the skills required to navigate complex healthcare environments. The adoption of advanced educational frameworks not only improves the quality of medical education within IHSM but also sets a benchmark for other institutions in Central Asia, encouraging a ripple effect of educational improvements throughout the region.

Through active participation in high-profile research collaborations and publication in international journals, IHSM has significantly bolstered its academic standing. This is evident in its increasing prominence in regional and international academic rankings. Erasmus+ has enabled

IHSM to expand its research capacities, specifically through access to advanced training in statistical analysis, GIS, and specialized healthcare fields. Such achievements enhance IHSM's credibility, attract high-quality faculty and students, and create a foundation for future funding and partnership opportunities with prestigious institutions. The increase in scientific publications not only elevates IHSM's academic prestige but also directly contributes to the global body of knowledge in public health and medical research, reinforcing IHSM's role as a leader in Central Asian healthcare education.

Erasmus+ has contributed to the long-term sustainability of IHSM by establishing a robust infrastructure that supports modern educational needs. Moreover, Erasmus+ projects significantly contribute to the digital transformation of educational institutions in Central Asia [11]. The creation of electronic labs, libraries, and specialized research facilities ensures that IHSM remains agile and resilient, even in times of crisis such as the COVID-19 pandemic. By embedding digital tools and sustainable academic environment [17] and practices into its operations, IHSM has prepared itself for continuous adaptation to evolving global challenges, particularly those that affect healthcare education and public health. Additionally, the development of fundraising and digital sustainability offices signals IHSM's proactive approach to institutional growth, ensuring financial autonomy and strategic alignment with sustainable development goals (SDGs).

Erasmus+ projects have extended IHSM's influence beyond academia, directly impacting Kyrgyzstan's higher education policies and healthcare standards. The program has facilitated IHSM's role in significant policy advancements, including the incorporation of PhD qualifications into the national framework and the establishment of financial autonomy models for universities. These contributions reflect IHSM's dedication to driving educational reform and improving national healthcare infrastructure. The institution's alignment with WFME standards further supports Kyrgyzstan's commitment to high-quality medical education, positioning IHSM as a model institution for national and regional academic development. The Erasmus Plus National Agency Kyrgyzstan also reports the successful implementation and growing impact of Erasmus+ programs in the country [4].

Global perspectives on adult education and training in fields like health and public administration are increasingly being shaped by international educational programs, such as Erasmus+ [10]. These programs provide vital opportunities for professional development, fostering a more skilled workforce in various sectors, including healthcare. Erasmus+ has been instrumental in integrating IHSM into global academic and healthcare networks, a factor that has enhanced IHSM's research and educational offerings while also fostering a culture of cross-border collaboration. The school's participation in collaborative research initiatives on public health issues, such as cardiovascular disease prevention and occupational health, underscores its commitment to addressing globally relevant healthcare challenges with regional impact. This international engagement not only strengthens IHSM's research output but also creates pathways for future partnerships that are essential for sustained institutional development and innovation in healthcare education.

The challenges faced during Erasmus+ implementation—particularly the disruptions caused by COVID-19 and the limitations on mobility and equipment procurement due to political and economic factors—tested IHSM's adaptability. The institution's response to these challenges demonstrates its resilience and capacity for innovation under pressure. By rapidly transitioning to online education and leveraging digital tools, IHSM has shown its readiness to confront global challenges and continue delivering quality education. This resilience has fortified IHSM's operational capabilities and provides a blueprint for managing future crises effectively.

Looking forward, IHSM's achievements through Erasmus+ highlight the potential for Central Asian institutions to leverage international partnerships to advance educational standards, expand research, and contribute to public health initiatives. IHSM's trajectory suggests that with continued support and collaboration, similar institutions can not only improve their academic offerings but also play a transformative role in regional healthcare systems. Educational reforms and the impact of international programs, particularly those in healthcare education, have been significantly influencing higher education in Central Asia [9]. These reforms are supported by various international collaborations, including the Erasmus+ program, which enhances the educational infrastructure and international ties between universities in the region.

The experience gained through Erasmus+ has positioned IHSM as a critical player in regional healthcare education, fostering a model of sustainable, internationally integrated, and locally impactful medical education. By establishing this foundation, IHSM has laid the groundwork for long-term success, resilience, and leadership in Central Asian medical education and public health, driving meaningful progress in both local and global contexts.

The list of references and literature:

1. Bartram, B., & Brooke, M. (2018). *International student mobility in the European Higher Education Area: National, institutional, and individual perspectives.* Springer International Publishing.

2. Beerkens, H., & van der Wende, M. (2016). *The role of internationalization in enhancing the quality of higher education*. European Journal of Education, 51(1), 1–9.

3. Buiskool, B., & van Lakerveld, J. (2019). *Enhancing professional development through Erasmus Plus*. Journal of European Education, 51(4), 265–278.

4. Erasmus Plus National Agency Kyrgyzstan. (2024). Annual Report on Erasmus Plus Program Implementation. National Agency Report.

5. European Union. (2019). *Erasmus+ Programme Guide*. European Commission. Retrieved from <u>https://ec.europa.eu/programmes/erasmus-plus/resources/documents/erasmus-programme-guide_en</u>

6. Hazelkorn, E. (2020). Research-Based Learning in Higher Education: The Impact of European Initiatives. Routledge.

7. International Higher School of Medicine. (2024). *Participation in Erasmus Plus Projects*. IHSM Internal Report.

8. Kazakh National Medical University. (2024). *Joint Research Collaboration between Kazakhstan and Kyrgyzstan in Public Health*. Internal Documentation, Ministry of Education and Science, Kazakhstan.

9. Levin, M., & Greenwood, D. (2016). *Educational reform and impact of international programs on Central Asian higher education*. International Journal of Educational Development, 38, 21–32.

10. Milana, M., & Nesbit, T. (2018). *Global perspectives on adult education and training in health and public administration*. Palgrave Macmillan.

11. Popkova, E., & Bogoviz, A. (2020). *Digital transformation in Central Asian educational institutions through Erasmus Plus.* SAGE Open, 10(4), 1–12.

12. Rubene, M., & Kvartskhava, M. (2017). Academic mobility as a driver of *internationalization in Kyrgyzstan's universities*. Journal of Comparative and International Higher Education, 49(2), 82–91.

13. Schachinger, L., & Vollmer, S. (2019). *Benefits and challenges of project-based learning in medical education*. Medical Education Research Review, 32(4), 153–162.

14. Tynjälä, P., & Gijbels, D. (2018). Fostering Research-Based Education through Erasmus Plus Programs. Educational Research Review, 12, 28–38.

15. World Health Organization. (2022). Strengthening Health Systems through Education and Research Collaborations: A WHO Report. WHO.

16. <u>https://ism.edu.kg/ru/pages/defa-168/</u>

17. <u>Www.erasmusplus.kg</u>